

POETRY.

MUCH VET BEMAINS UNSUNG. (From the last Southern I iterary Messeng SONG OF THE PIRATE'S WIFE

SONG OF THE PIRATE'S WIFE,
ON HER PASSAGE FROM CORUNNA TO NEW YORK.

Air—Meeting of the Spanish Pirate, Bernardo de Soto, hearing i Corunna, in Spain, of the trial and condemnation of her husband i Boston, immediately finighted a small schooner, and leaving her three children, sailed for Roston. She visited Washington to intercede to her husband, returned to New York, and hestened to Boston to a ford him the solace of her presence."

Adicu to the shores of my dear native clime,
The land of the olive and pade-tinted lime!
Your bright orange tree, and your clustering vine,
No pleasure can yield to this sad soul of mine.

I go from the land of my dear cottage home—
My bales, they are there—from my bales I must roam,
A mother's fond heart, it hath bid them adicu,
And fatherless children left motherless too.
That cheek, from my own I have torn it away,

That cheek, from my own I have torn it away, Unlock'd the dear arms that would force me to stay; All cloquent, vainly, the big tears did flow. The heart of the wife bade the mother to go. Blow breezes! blow breezes! fill kindly the sail— My panting heart loaps at the voice of the gale; Swit onward! swift onward! his doom may be seal'd, Unheard my petition, my love unreveal'd. Unheard my petition, my love unreveal'd.
They're gone, the bright shores of my dear native clime,
The land of the olive and pale-tinted lime—
All tearless, bright shores, I can see you depart,
For stronger than death is the love of my heart.
The stain of his bands, though the crimson of blood,
That may not be blanch'd with the deep ocean flood—
The sir of his send against mercy and truth,
Cannot wenn from the pirate the wife of his youth.
For mercy! for mercy!—to offer my plea,
Nor ocean nor land can have terrors for me;
From country and home I can heedlessly part—
The cell of the pirate is home to my heart.
There's parlon! there's pardon! and long shall his life,
Unsullied by crime, be the blise of his wife—
And blessed, thenceforward, most blessed shall be
The home of Senora, beneath the lime tree.

EL12

To Mas. R. G. S.

When Summer sheds her soft perfume
The bowers among—
When all the earth is rich in bloom,
The sky in song—
When evening's golden clouds like shadows flee,
Turn foran instant then your thoughts on me.
When Winter in her frozen zone
Robs earth of green—
When only Friendship can atone
For what has been—
When round the hearth your other friends you see,
It is the hour I love—think then of me.
In days of bliss when hope is nigh,
And life is dear,
Your heart with joy elate beats high,
And friends are near—
Forget not there is one will ever be
Glad of thy gladness—cast a thought on me.
And when the darksome days

Glad of thy gladness—east a thought on me.

And when the darksome days
Of age or ill
The bright and cheering rays
Of hope shall chill,
Think there is one whose love can never be
Changed with Time's changes—oh remember me.

POLITICAL.

PREAMBLE AND RESOLUTIONS Adopted at the Harrison meeting in Wheeling on the 3d of October.

of October.

Whereas the existence of our republic and the liberties of our fellow-citizens depend upon the energetic interposition of the people to prevent the evil of a President nominating his successor to office; to effect which, the corrupting patronage of office is brought directly to bear through the agency of federal power and influence. That we view all attempts on the part of federal office-holders, to coatrol, or to influence the free and fair expression of popular sentiments, as contrary to the spirit of a free government, and subversive of those principles of a free government, and subversive of those principles of liberty bequeathed by our forefathers. That any attempt on the part of the President of the United States, tempt on the part of the President of the United States, either by himself or through his dependants and party, to designate his successor, or in any manner by his personal popularity, to influence the free exercise of a constitutional right, as an arbitrary exercise of an illegitimate power, not known to the Constitution, is dangerous to liberty, and ought to be resisted.

That the dogmas avowed by the partisans of Van Buren, that "the spoils of office are the rewards of the victors," and the no less abominable doctrines promulgated by them, that "the Chief Magistrate knows how and will

tors," and the no less abominable doctrines promulgated by them, that "the Chief Magistrate knows how, and will reward his friends and punish his opponents," are princi-ples alike unknown to our Constitution, and are but the beginnings of those principles that will finally overlook all barriers to their ambition. The evidences of this un-authorized attempt at influence in our constitutional rights, is the repeated attempts of federal officers (pend-ing elections,) to influence the elective franchise; rights which once usured will render the triumphs of our treeing elections,) to influence the elective franchise; rights which once usurped, will render the triumphs of our fore-fathers of but little avail in averting our rapid strides to despotic power. "We may, indeed, like Rome, in the days of her Marius, her Sylla, and her Cinna, be still governed through the forms of her constitution, but the spirit of freedom, with all her quickening and life-giving impulses, will have fled forever." In the discharge of our duty as freemen, the period is fast approaching for us, in common with our fellow-citizens, to give our suffrages in the election of a President of the United a President of the United ing pur country" has warned as against local divisions; let us cherish that warning in proportion as we love our country, and while we proclaim to the world our choice, let us be ready and willing to sacrifice that choice for our country's good. In selecting a candidate for that high and important post, let us select one least objectionable to sectional and party prejudice, one free from the contamination of office, wasided by place or patronage, whom power, whenever and wherever obtained, come through the legitimate source of all power, the will of the people. One, the tenor of whose life has been guided by the strictest principles of our Government, whose capacity for civil rule cannot be questioned. Such a man we find in William Heary Harrison, of Ohio, the son of a patriot signer of the Declaration of Independence.—

Therefore, be it

I. Resolved, That we deem our fellow citizen. Wen

solved, That we deem our fellow citizen, Wm. Henry Harrison, of Ohio, from his long and distinguished public service, a suitable candidate, having the quali-

timore Convention as an attempt by a party, sanctioned by the influence of the President of the United States, to impose upon a free people a time-serving partisan candi-date, upon principles inimical to self-government. 3. Resolved, That to restore the violated Constitution

and broken laws to their original spirit and integrity, we deem it of the first importance to defeat the election of Martin Van Buren. And although we have recommended William Henry Harrison as our choice as the candidate most likely to unite the various conflicting par-tialities and prejudices; yet, if circumstances require, we are ever ready to surrender that choice for our country's good, and to enable us to take advantage of any fu-ture developements—Be it

4. Resolved, That we recommend to the friends in Virginia, opposed to Martin Van Buren, a convention to be held at the city of Richmond, on the second Monday is January, 1836, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for President and Vice President of the U. States.

5. Resolved, That the citizens of Virginia opposed to the election of Martin Van Buren and R. M. Johnson, be earnestly recommended to hold meetings in their respective counties, for the purpose of electing delegates to the said convention to be held on the 2d Monday in January, 1836.

January, 1836.
6. Resolved, That Gen. M. W. Chapline, Col. George Dulty, Col. C. D. Knox, Major J. Good, sen., and John L. Newby, Esa be a committee of correspondence for the county of Chio, and that the suid committee have power, in case of the failure of the proposed convention, in conjunction with committees from the other counties of this Congressional district, to nominate an Elector for President and Vice President.

for Psesident and Vice Psesident.

7. Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the papers of this town, and that Editors throughout the Union, opposed to Martin Van Buren and Richard M. Johnson, be requested to publish the same.

Z. JACOB, Chairman.

The People of Tennessee and the South can now see and understand who and what are the supporters of Judge White here and at the North,—as the Baltimore Patriot, according to their views of Republicanism, "is, and always has been, a decided Republican paper;" though it is, and always has been, till within a few months, a violent Clay paper; and is, and always has been, to the present moment, a violent opponent of Gental Jackson, both personally and politically.—Globe.

In our paper of Saturday last, we published a lengthy article upon the above subject, signed and dated as fullows:

"John Shawhas, "Jars Frazier,
"Geo. Kesling, "Jars Hathwar,
"We. H. Robinson, "Jars Herchison,
"Connol Ssiden, "Parace Meloy.

"Lebanon, Warren Covaty, Ohio, Sept. 25, 1825."
We think it well to give the opinion of those geoticmen, of the various Presidential candidates, in a more condensed form. They commence thus:

"The undersigned, composing in part a Committee of day it was received, and that department paid it to the THE PRESIDENCY.

Vigilance and Correspondence, having recently addressed the public in the discharge of a duty imposed upon us by a public meeting, held several months previous, which recommended the Hon. John McLean, of Ohio, as a suitable candidate for the Presidency, and as he has, from high and patriotic considerations, publicly declared that he would not be a party to a contest for the Presidency, which is likely to bring the election into the House of Representatives," &c.

After stating the grounds of their preferences for Mr.

After stating the grounds of their preferences for Mr. McLean, they say:

"Judge McLean having, however, withdrawn, we are forced to the necessity of selecting a candidate to apport, from those now in the field; and hence the necessity of examining pretensions, prospects, qualifications, to discharge the duties of that highly responsible station."

First, as to Mr. Webster, they state that—
"Having a limited popularity in New England, not extending effectually beyond the limits of Massachusetts, he entertained hopes of being elected; and these hopes have been cherished by his friends, or pretended friends, elsewhere!"

friends, elsewhere!"

And that—

"His prospects are so utterly out of the question, that we do not deem it necessary to state, at large, the numerous objections to his election, which it might otherwise become necessary to do."

Next, as to Judge White, they say:

"Judge White we look upon as good kind of a man, but without having afforded any evidence of either political or executive talent. We should not think of supporting our good old neighbor Jeremiah Morrow for the Presidency; his own modesty would not permit him to become a candidate; and, from information, we believe he is Mr. Morrow's inferior; we cannot, therefore, support him. Besides, Judge White is unknown to the people generally, and is not recommended by those high qualities of character or eminent services which a Chief Magistrate should lay claim to. We think that no man should be elected to that office, who cannot, in the discharge of his duty, rely upon himself, and not become an instrument in the hands of others who might be called around him. And in addition to these considerations, the support of Judge White must be limited to Tennesthe support of Judge White must be limited to Tennes-see, perhaps, though not very probable, to one, or at most two other States. He cannot, therefore, have any pros-

Next, as to Gen. Harrison, who, it will be seen by the following, they suspect of having been brought out for the future benefit of Mr. Clay's pretensions. Of the former they thus speak :

mer they thus speak:

"A retrospect of passing events shows that the active partisans of Mr. Clay have endeavored to rally upon Gen. Harrison. Whether the apparent zeal in his support is designed for any thing beyond that of creating confusion among the political elements of the country, and thereby create a necessity or afford an opportunity to bring out the name of Mr. Clay, remains to be seen. We know that many intelligent men consider that this movement has been made with a reference to this alternative. It is certain that Gen. Harrison's popularity has burst upon the country like a clap of thunder in a clear day. His services have been known by the People of Ohio, especially by the People of Hamilton county, in which he resided, ever since they were rendered, but their importance seems to have been overlooked until lately."

Next, as to Mr. Van Buren, of whom they speak as follows:

Next, as to Mr. Van Buren, of whom they speak as follows:

"He was not our first choice; and we could assign many reasons which are connected with the public interest, why we prefer Judge McLean; but it is unnecessary to do so. We do not like the mode of his nomination, nor the proscriptive policy which is a part of his political system; but we are compelled to say, notwithstanding these and other objections which might be stated, that we greatly prefer him to Webster or Harrison, or even Judge White. He is the candidate of the party with which we have acted for many years, and the objections to him are much less weighty than those which lie against each of the other candidates."

Then, in relation to the Baltimore Convention, they thus speak:

Then, in relation to the Baltimore Convention, they thus speak:

"Some of the friends of General Harrison, and particularly the editor of the Cincinnati Gazette, object to the Baltimore nomination, on the score of immoralities charged against one of the nominees; but it is very extraordinary that this objection should be urged by any one who advocates the claims of the General. The General's friends should be mute on this subject, for their own sake, as well as that of their candidate. We might challenge a comparison in this respect between Colonel Johnson and General Harrison, which could not but result greatly to the advantage of the former.

sult greatly to the advantage of the former.

"Upon a full and mature consideration of the subject, we shall go, under existing circumstances, with a good conscience and honest efforts, for Van Buren and Johnson, against Harrison, or either of the other named candidates."

We must confess that our curiosity is somewhat raised, to know what it is that is alluded to in the above, upon which "the General's friends should be mute." Can any one inform us? Do they allude to any thing which occurred at home or abroad? Any thing in Ohio, or in the Columbian Republic, while the General was the representative of the country there, under Mr. Adams's administration?

We shall feel greatly obliged to any one who will en-ghten us. We must acknowledge that we are in the

NEAPOLITAN INDEMNITY.

More Bank falsehoods exposed.—We insert below another atrocious calumny from the columns of that reckless Bank advocate, M. M. Noah:

"More Roguery.—The correspondent of the Boston Allas states, that the first instalment of the Neapolitan indemnity, amounting to \$253,029 75 was remitted in gold to a Pet Bank of this city, by order of Gea. Jackson; that it was sent to the mint, to be coined in Jackson Gold, and the country flooded with it for electioneering purposes, the claimants, meanwhile, not receiving a penny of their due!" On the 8th of June these and States. The Baltimore Convention, the engine of despotic power, have nomirated Martin Van Buren for President; and our chief aim should be to defeat that nomination, and that all our partialities should be surrendered for the public good. The "father of his country" has warned as against local divisions; let us pherish that warning in proportion as we love approximately the properties of the chole amount, which they did for \$240,000 - \$16,000 was sent home in gold. More pherish that warning in proportion as we love approximately the properties of the chole amount, which they did for \$240,000 - \$16,000 was sent home in gold. More pherish that warning in proportion as we love approximately the properties of the chole amount, which they did for \$240,000 - \$16,000 was sent home in gold. More

profligate misrepresentations are well calculated to excite, we shall merely state, in a few sentances, the naked truth, in full refutation of those misrepresenta-

figure fellow-citizens.

First. On inquiry at the proper to the claimants, immediately after the Commissioners under the Neapolitan treaty finished and reported their awards of the amount which cack was entitled to receive, instead, as the above extract would insinuate, of their "not receiving a penny of their due; or not receiving it as soon as their due was ascertained by the tribunal authorized by Con-

SHOORD. As to the second instalment, we are informed, that so far from the money having been paid on the 8th of June, to "the American Agent at Paris," not a dollar of it was paid to him there; but the payment was made at Naples; and the agents, is the mean time, who are believed to be honest and faithful, and who were selected on the recommendation of some of the principal claimants, have been engaged in transmitting the money from Naples to Paris, in a manner least expensive to the

So far from \$16,000 of it kaying been " sent home in gold," and being now employed by any "pet Bank" for "shaving" or any other purpose, not a dollar of it had been so sent and arrived when the above assertion was

As early as the 15th April last, the Bank of America obtained a credit upon the house of Welles & Co. at Paris, which was confirmed by them. The object of this was, that the Back of America might, in case they thought it would promote the interest of the claimants, be able to draw, in anticipation of the payment, at a rate of exchange which would be much more productive than by directing the whole sum, when seceived by Welles

A Co., to be skepped to this country in gold.

The Bank of America, accordingly, between the 24th April and 15th May last, drew upon Welles & Co. for the amount of 11,250,000 francs, in thirty-eight bills, at sixty flays sight, which were accepted by the latter, and charged to the former.

The three letters from Mesors. Welles & Co., to the Bank of America of the 25th Large 14th.

The three letters from Mesers. Welles & Co., to the throughout the Union, opposed to Martin Van Buren and Richard M. Johnson, be requested to publish the same.

JABLE GREEN, Secretary.

JUDGE WHITE'S PRINCIPLES.

We give the following extract from the last White Sun:

"The Baltimore Patriot, which is, and always has been, a decided Republican paper, says, MARYLAND Eren, a decid

It will be seen, that for the sum the Bank of America drew for, it would not have been justified by a due regard to its own security, to have paid over the amount until it was informed of the payment of the bills drawn. This was not probably completed in Paris before the 15th or the 20th of August.

The balance is mow looked for daily, and until it is The balance is now looked for daily, and until it is received, together with all the accounts connected with the transaction, it will be seen, that it will be impossible for the Treasury under the set of Congress to state the amount which the various claimants are entitled to. We are assured that not a moment will be lost after the receipt of those papers, meatimating the amount each claimant is emitled to, and paying it over as soon thereafter

The undersigned, composing in part a Committee of day it was received; and that department paid it to the

claimants on the day the amount of their claims was as certained, and they respectively applied for it.

The great grievance to the Bankites, is that a "petbank," and not the "mammoth," has been employed to aid in this business, and hine illa luchrymae.

whole amount will be subscribed. A railroad from Boston to Albany will place the former city in direct communication with Lake Erie, and in fact will bring the whole commerce of the canal as near to Boston, in point of time, (though not as to the convenience of transportion of the convenience of transportion of the convenience of transportion.

(Cory.) Paris, 29th June, 1835.

Corv.)

Paris, 29th June, 1835.

Geo. Newbold, Esq.,

President of the Bank of America, N. York.

Dear Sir.—Our last respects were of the 16th instant. We have now the pleasure to announce to you, that the second instalment of the Neapolitan Indemnity has been paid at Naples, amounting to 310,200 ducats. This includes the interest, established upon the same favorable principle as in the first instalment.

The mode indicated to us for this instalment, by the Neapolitan Minister of Finance, was, that these funds would be deposited in the Bank, and that we were to authorize some person at Naples to withdraw them. We consequently have complied with this, in giving to our correspondent in that city such authority, and sending to him our receipt, to be delivered at the Treasury, in the form before approved by the Minister of Finance.

In order to divide the chances of advantage, we ordered one-half of the proceeds of this instalment to be remitted to us, which is now doing in bills upon Paris, London, and Marseilles. The other half we intended drawing for upon Naples; but owing to its being now the moment for the payment of the dividends upon the Neapolitan stocks, the Coupons for this are negotiating here at a lower rate, which causes bills to remain low, and without any demand. We shall therefore postpone drawing, until a more advantageous moment.

In the transaction of the whole of this affair, you may

ing, until a more advantageous moment.

In the transaction of the whole of this affair, you may rely upon our best attention being given to it.

We remain, very respectfully, dear sir, your obt. servants, [Signed,] WELLES & CO.

(COPY.) PARIS, July 14, 1835.

PARIS, July 14, 1835.

Geo. Newhold, Esq.,

President of the Bank of America, New York:

Dear Sir:—We had this pleasure on 29th ult. The exchange on Naples, from the cause which we mentioned in our last letter, continuing low, we ordered another portion of the funds from the Indemnity remitted. The Coupons on the Neapolitan Stock being still offered at 429, prevents the demand for Bills, except at a rate-a little over that—remittances therefore from Naples render better—so, unless there is a change within a few days. der better—so, unless there is a change within a few days, we shall order the rest of these funds remitted. In this being done by portions at Naples, it does not affect the exchanges, and this makes the result more advantageous. We annex our quotations, and remain, very respectfully, dear sir, your obedient servants,

[Sigued,] WELLES & CO.

(Copy.) Paris, 14th August, 1835.

Paris, 14th August, 1835.

Paris, 14th August, 1835.

Paris, 14th August, 1835.

President of the Bank of America, New York.

Dear Sir:—Our last respects were of the 14th ult.—

Remittances from Naples continuing more favorable than drawing from here, we ordered the remainder of the funds from the Indemnity remitted from there. The last portion we are now beginning to receive the bills for, and within ten days shall probably have the whole. The account of the whole operation will then be sent us from Naples; and as soon as we are in receipt of it, we shall make up the whole account, and then send to you the balance in Napoleons. The principal part of the remittances have been upon London; which, from the rise in that exchange here, has proved advantageous.

We beg leave to annex our quotations, and remain very respectfully, dear sir, your obedient servants, [Signed,]

London, 25 52 1-2, 35 37 1-2; Amsterdam, 57 3-8, 57 5-8; Antwerp 57 1-4, 57 1-2; Hamburg 185 3-4, 184 3-4; Am. Dollars, 5 30; Per. do. 5 35; Mex. do. 5 36; Span. do. 5 45; Span. Doubloons, 85; Per., Mex., Colo., do. 83; New Am. Eagles, 26; Old do. 27 80.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.
NEAPOLITAN INDEMNITY.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, 13th Oct., 1835.
The claimants under the Convention with the King of the Two Sicilies, are hereby notified, that the balance of the second instalment was received by the last packet from France, and that the nett proceeds of the whole of that instalment amount to two hundred fifty-six thou-sand nine hundred nine dollars fourteen cents, (\$256,900 14-100.)

Secretary of the Treasury.

Secretary of the Treasury.

[From the Albany Argus.]

Mr. Van Buren's biography is before the people of the United States. It was written by a gentleman of the highest reputation for truth, integrity, and honor. Its accuracy is not doubted—it has not been denied nor controverted; and yet his opponents continue to proclaim him, in the face of an array of facts which challenge the admiration of his friends, whilst they provoke the envy and malice of his enemies, an enemy to his country—arr. He supported the administrations of Jefferson, Madison and Monroe. During the last war with Great Britain, when the Union was shaken to its centre by the bad faith and bad conduct of many of the leaders who now seek the ruin of his reputation, and hard pressed by the armies and navies of England, he was found in the foremost ranks of the friends of the Union, exerting all his energies in behalf of his bleeding country—all his energies in behalf of his accurate the people of the Union, exerting all his energies in behalf of his bleeding country—all his energies in behalf of his accurate the people of the Union, exerting all his energies in behalf of his bleeding country—all his energies in behalf of his bleeding country—all his energies in behalf of his accurate the people of the Union was shaken to its centre by the definition of the Union was found in the foremost ranks of the Union, exerting all his energies in behalf of his bleeding country—all his energies in behalf of his bleeding his high and confidently solicits the att the foremost ranks of the friends of the Union, exerting all his energies in behalf of his bleeding country.

Yes, it was during this dark and trying period, whilst those who now denounce him as the enemy of his country, were rejoicing over it misfortunes, and mourning over its victories, that Mr. Van Buren stood forth its champion, devoting himself to the public service, and rendering powerful aid and co-operation to the patriotic Tompkins in his efforts to repel the enemy from our borders. During the nullification war, true to his principles and his country, we again find him exerting all his faculties and influence to preserve the Constitution and the integrity of the Union; and during the war of the Bank of the United States, he was among the first to enter the breach with President Jackson, to save the country, and put down the monster that would have entailed an enduring curse upon the People.

Grist Mill (one mile from the dwelling,) commanding a liberal share of custom; also a Blacksmith's shop.—The subscriber respectfully and confidently solicits the attention of purchasers, as he is disposed both to sell and to make his terms accommedating.—He would have no objection to take Negroes, at valuation, in payment of a part or all of the purchase money.

Sept. 29.

Sept. 29.

WOUNT PLEASANT FEMALE SEMINARY.—

The undersigned having employed the services of an experienced and distinguished female teacher, in the person of Miss Ann F. Taylor, to take charge of a school in her family the ensuing year, will receive young ladies at the very moderate price of \$75, for board and totion, in payment of a part or all of the purchasers, as he is disposed both to sell intended to oppose the subscriber respectfully and confidently solicits the attention of purchasers, as he is disposed both to sell and to make his terms accommedating.—He would have no objection to take Negroes, at valuation, in payment of a part or all of the purchase money.

Sept. 29. ring curse upon the People.

If was at those trying periods, when the country was sailed by internal as well as external enemies, that Mr. Van Buren was its friend, its advocate, and maintained its interests, its honor, and its integrity. If, under such circumstances, he was its friend, and no man can deny it, it would be strange, indeed, if at this time he should be found its enemy. No; his enmity exists only in the it, it would be strange, indeed, if at this time he should be found its enemy. No; his enmity exists only in the imaginations or the sinister representations of men, who never were and never can be on the side of their country. Ever seeking power, but again and again rejected by the People, and destitute of all hope of success in the approaching Presidential election, they have become desperate, and are content to prostrate the great interests of the country, if they can but destroy those whose virtues are beyond their imitation, or whom they cannot win to their narposes. win to their purposes.

But they labor in vain. Rely upon it, the kand of the

People is upon them. The day is not distant when they will shrink into their native insignificance, and he whom they have sought to depress, will attain to a still higher place in the affection and confidence of the American

SERIOUS AFFAIR .- Chesnut street, between Third and Fourth, was yesterday afternoon thronged with persons attracted by the operations of the Sheriff. It appears that a short time since, Mary McKinley, who has done business in the fancy dry goods line, for some time past as a femme sole, upon a pretty large scale, stopped payment for \$120,000 to \$150,000. The circumstances created to for \$120,000 to \$130,000. The circumstances created no little surprise, and several meetings of her creditors were held in consequence, which resulted in a full conviction that there had been some dishonest dealing on her part. Yesterday it was ascertained that she had hired a large store house in the rear of her store, and suspicion was at once raised that it contained some of the goods that had passequentable dispersed.

Boston and Albany Rail-road.—Is will be recollected that books of subscription for the capital stock of the Western Rail-road, i. e. a continuation of the Boston and Worcester Rail-road Westward to meet the rail-roads now workester Rail-road Westward to meet the rail-roads now constructing or incorporated from Albany and Hudson to the Massachusetts line at West Stockbridge, were opened some weeks since, and that about \$1,200,000 out of \$2,000,000 required, was subscribed. The books were again opened at a subsequent period, but not much was added to the previous amount. In view of these facts, and of the importance of the road to the prosperity of Boston, a public meeting was held at Fanenil Hall in that city, on Wednesder evening, at which a report was submitted by a committee appointed on a former occasion, of which the Hon. Nathan Appleton was chairman, after which resolutions were adopted, expressing the opinion of the meeting that the proposed road will be of great public utility; that the prosperity of Boston will be particularly promoted by it, and that it will afford an adequate remuneration to the proprietors: but that, notwithstanding this assurance, such is the magnitude of the undertaking, that "those citizens who shall subscribe for the stock, with the laudable purpose of raising a sufficient fund for the prosecution of the work, and of thereby promoting the important benefits which result from it, will be entitled to the thanks of the community, as public benefactors." A general committee of six was then appointed to solicit subscriptions to the stock; also committees for each Ward, and for several of the neighboring towns. We understand so well the public against of the provenents consist of a two-storied wood house, with eight rooms and a passage—the out house atomic eight nonled to a two-storied wood house, with eight rooms and a passage—the out house atomic deptition. The consist of a two-storied wood house, with eight rooms and a passage—the out house atomic deptition. The first contains two-storied wood house, with eight rooms and a passage—the out house atomic eight rooms and a passage—the out house atomic many choice froits, of various kinds. This situation is a remarkable watered, by excellent springs that constructing or incorporated from Albany and Hudson to the Massachusetts line at West Stockbridge, were opened some weeks since, and that about \$1,200,000 out of \$2,000,000 required, was subscribed. The books were again opened at a subsequent period, but not much was added to the previous amount. In view of these facts, and of the importance of the road to the previous in the subscribed.

ng heavy freight,) as it is to New York .- N. Y. Jon

Gommerce.

**S50 REWARD.—Ran away from the subscriber, living at the Kanawha Salines, on Saturday the 3d instant, a negro man named Robin, (usually called Bon.) about 40 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, quite thin or spare, and very black; sharp nose and chin, and forehead quite high, or inclined to baldness.—In walking, he stoops forward, and steps very long; supposed to wear a black fur hat, blue coat, and perhaps boots. It is thought that he is making his way to the City of Richmond, near which place he was raised, by a Mr. Thompson, (as is believed,) and by whom he claims that he was emancipated. He was sold in the county of Mason, a few years ago, as a ranaway slave, for jail fees, and is now the property of Blackwell Chillen, Esq., of this county. The above reward will be given for his apprehension and delivery to me, if taken beyond Kanawha and Fayette counties, and all reasonable charges also paid; and \$25 if taken in either of those counties.

Oct. 16. [49—61] THOMAS WELLS.

FOR SALE, that valuable property, Falls Mills, on Great Nottoway river, with 50 acres of Land, formerly owned by Morriss & Jones. One of the Mills has two pair of Burr stones, with all the machinery for manufacturing of wheat; a pair of Esopus stones for corn; the other Mill has a pair of corn stones and Cotton Gin. The stream affords water sufficient to grind day and night, and has water power for any kind of machinery. There is a quarry of elegant free stone, for any kind of building. There is a store and lumber house, black-smith, cooper and tailor's shop. The Legislature passed a law last session, for making Great Nottoway river navigable down to the Rail Road, which is about 60 miles; the Falls being the head of navigation, will make it a very valuable situation for mercantile and milling business. It is a very excellent place for a Cotton Factory, and having good springs convenient: for health, there is no place that is more desirable.

Also, 1410 acres of Land, lying on Great Nottoway river and Hound's creek, in the Great and Little Nottoway river; 205 3-4 acres on Horse Pen creek, in the fork of the Nottoway rivers; 841 acres in the county of Dinwiddie, on White Oak creek; 986 acres on Butterwood creek; 700 acres of wood land on the waters of Entry Creek, in the county of Campbell, about thirty miles from Lynchburg. If early application is made, I will sell a bargain, and give time for payment. These lands produce good tobacco, corn, wheat, and oats. The purchasers will have the privilege of seeding wheat in October, and possession will be given the first day of January next.

D. G. WILLIAMS.

D. G. WILLIAMS.

September 8.

NE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.—Ran off from the subscriber's agent, in Staunton, Augusta county, Va., last February or March, a bright mulatto negro girl, slave, named Pamelia, about 17 years old, with black hair and eyes—rather inclined to be chunky, and believed to have a scar over one eye. She was purchased of Peter Hanger by Henry D. Bedford—She was raised by Maj. Mons McCue, of Augusta county, Va.—She left a young child in Staunton at the time of her departure. It is supposed she is either lurking about Maj. McCue's, in Augusta county, Va., or ran off to a free State. The above reward of one hundred dolars will be given for the apprehension and delivery to me, living in Charlotte county, Va., if taken out of the State, or fitty dollars if taken in the State, Virginia, and delivered or secured in some jail, so that I get her again.

HILLERY MOSELEY, Jr.
September 25.

TAVERN ESTABLISHMENT FOR RENT, at the Warm Springs, Bath Court House, Virginia.—
I have erected, and now nearly completed, large and spacious brick buildings, for a Tavern, together with other necessary buildings attached thereto. I will let go with the Tavern establishment, some land to cultivate and timber for fire wood. I think that also the As all the awards amounted to one million nine hundred twenty-five thousand thirty-four dollars sixty-eight cents, (1,925,034 68-100.) each claimant will be entitled to receive of said sum of \$256,909 14-100, the proportion which his cisim or award, as specified in his certificate, bears to \$1,925,034 68-100, the amount of all the awards. The same due can be had on application to the Treasury Department; the Commonwealth Bank, Boston; the Bank of America, New York; the Girard Bank, Philadelphia; the Union Bank of Maryland, Baltimore; or the Bank of the Metropolis, Washington City.

LEVI WOODBURY, Secretary of the Treasury.

I have erected, and now nearly completed, large and spacious brick buildings, for a Tavern, together with other necessary buildings attached thereto. I will let go with the Tavern establishment, some land to cultivate and timber for fire wood. I think, that when this establishment gets fairly into operation, there is a strong probability of its doing a very large business. I would also rent the Brick House and Lot on which I live, the lower rooms of which would answer for a Store, and a situation where a good business may be done. Persons wishing to rent, it is presumed, will first view the premises, when they will form an opinion for themselves of all its advantages. Terms accommodating.

GEO. MAYSE.

all its advantages. Terms accommodating.

GEO. MAYSE.

OUNT PLEASANT FEMALE SEMINARY.—
The undersigned having employed the services of an experienced and distinguished female teacher, in the person of Miss Ann F. Taylor, to take charge of a school in her family the ensuing year, will receive young ladies at the very moderate price of \$75, for board and tuition, including bed, bedding, &c., for the scholastic term of ten months. In this school will be taught Orthography. Reading and Writing, English Grouper, the graphy. Reading and Writing, English Grouper, thography, Reading and Writing, English Grammar, Arithmetic, Geography, History, Composition, Needlework and Painting. For the latter an additional charge of \$5 will be made. The exercises of this institution will commence on the 18th of January and terminate on the 15th of December following, with a vacation of one mouth in the summer season. As a duty, it will also be the pleasure of the undersigned, to attend to the comfort contentment, and contingent requisites of children sub-mitted to her charge, with a parental solicitude. As the school will be limited, it is desired that those who wish to enter their daughters, will do so early. Communications made to me at Green Bay P. O., Hanover, will b promptly attended to. It may be necessary to add, that the situation of the above school, in the extreme upper end of Hanover, is one of the healthiest and best water ed in the county.

Hanover, Oct. 6th, 1835.

MARY W. GOODWIN.

44-w4w

DUCATION.—The undersigned will, on the 1st of January next, open a School, near Guinea Church, in the county of Cumberland. The course of Instruction will be a thorough one—such as to prepare young mer for the advanced Classes in our Colleges, or to qualif them for business—embracing the English, Latin, an Greek languages, and Mathematics. It will be the grea aim of the subscriber, to lead the minds of the youth to the cultivation of correct moral principles, and to the promotion of such habits as tend to make respectable and useful members of society. The neighborhood furnishes a good location for a school, being healthy, intelligent, and moral. From four to six boarders can be accommodated in my family. Board may also be had in several most respectable families, quite convenient to the

EAL ESTATE FOR SALE.—The subscriber of-fers for sale that beautiful and pleasant situation called Mayram, situated in the Forks of Hanover, in an agreeable and wealthy neighborhood, two miles from the Fork Church, 10 miles from Hanover Court-house, and 22 from Richmond. The Richmond and Fredericksburg Rail Road passes in about 2 miles of the dwelling house.

By the President of the United States.

IN Pursuance of law, I, Andrew Jackson, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and make known, that Public Sales will be held at the undermentioned Land Offices in the State of Mississippi, and at the several periods hereinafter designated, for the disposal of such Lands officially reported by the Surveyor-General, as having been surveyed, in addition to those heretofore proclaimed for sale, within the limits of the tract of country ceded to the United States by the Mingors, Chiefs, Captains, and Warriors of the Choctaw Nation, under the Treaty concluded at Dancing Rabbit Creek, on the twenty-seventh of September, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and thirty, towit:

At Countries the seat of the Land Office for the At Countries the seat of the Land Office for the labilitate of this Court well as the Court by satisfactory evidence that they are not instabilizate of this Court by satisfactory evidence that they are not instabilizate of this Court well as the Court by satisfactory evidence that they are not instabilizate of this Court well as the Court by satisfactory evidence that they are not instabilizate of this Court well as the court by satisfactory evidence that they are not instabilizate of this Court well as the Court by satisfactory evidence that they are not instabilizate of this Court well as the court by satisfactory evidence that they are not instabilizated.

At COLUMBUS, the seat of the Land Office for the North-Eastern District, on Monday, the 16th day of Norember next, for the disposal of the Public Land within the undermentioned townships and fractional townships,

to wit:

North of the base line, and East of the meridian of the
Choctaw District.

Township 19, of range 1.

Fractional townships 14, 15, and 16, of range 4.

Townships 14, 15, and 16, of range 5.

Townships 14, 15, and 16, of range 6.

Townships 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16, of

ange 13.
Townships 9, 10, 12, 13, and 14, of range 14.
Townships 9, 10, 12, 13, and 14, of range 15.
Townships 9, 10, 12, 13, and 14, and fractional townships 20, of range 16.
Townships 8, 9, and 10, of range 17.
Townships 8, 9, and 10, of range 18.
Fractional townships 8, 9, and 10, of range 19.
At Chocchuma, the seat of the Land Office for the North Western District on Mandau the 7th day of December 19.

At Chocchema, the seat of the Land Office for the North Western District, on Monday, the 7th day of December next, for the disposal of the Public Land within the undermentioned townships, to wit:

North of the base line, and East of the meridian of the Choctave District.

Township 25 of ranges 2 and 3.

Township 25, of range 6.

North of the base line, and West of the meridian of the Choctave District.

Township 26, of range 2.

Township 27, of range 5.

Township 28 and 26, of range 5.

Township 24, of range 8.

At the Land Office at Mount Salus, on Monday the 21st day of December next, for the disposal of the Public Lands within the limits of the undermentioned townships and fractional townships; to wit:

North of the base line, and West of the meridian.

Fractional township 15, and townships 17 and 18, of range 1.

Fractional township 16, and townships 17 and 18, of range 2. Fractional township 17, and townships 18 and 19, of

range 3.

At the same time and place, for the disposal of the Public Lands within the undermentioned townships, si-tuated South and West of the Old Choctaw boundary

line, to wit:

North of the base line, and West of the meridian.

Township 15, of range 6.

Township 16, of range 7.

Township 18, of range 7.

And section 12, in township 2, of range 1.

The reservations authorized by the treaty will be indicated on the official plats of survey, prior to the public

sales.

Should any reservation under the treaty be accidentally sold, the sale will not be confirmed.

The lands reserved by law for the use of schools, or for other purposes, will be excluded from sale.

The sale at Columbus will be kept open for two weeks, and the sales at Chocchuma and Mount Salus will each be kept open for one week, and no longer.

Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, this fifteenth day of August, A. D. 1835.

ANDREW JACKSON.

For Norfolk, (Va.) riu Beaufort, (N. C.)

NITED STATES MAIL.—The superior new Steam
Packet Dollerin, Capt. J. Pennoyer, will continue her trips through the months of September and October, as follows: (at 10 o'clock, A. M. of the days below stated.) low stated,) Will I cave Charleston, Thursday, Sept. 10 y, Sept. 10
" 24
Oct. 8
" 22
" " 15
" 29

Which will finish her season on her present route.—
After which, she will commence her regular trips to Havana, via St. Augustine, Key West, (E. F.) to leave Charleston on Thursday, November 12, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Her regular days for leaving Charleston and Havana, thereafter, will be made known to the public in due time.

15 Havana, from Charleston, ... \$40

16 Lavana, from Charleston, ... \$40

17 Races over this Course will commence days.

18 First Day.—A colt race—mile heats, \$100 entrance, half forfeit—four entered and closed.

19 John C. Goode names ch. c. by Hiazim out of Caliope; P. B. Starke, grey filley by Medley, dam Lady Hamilton; W. W. Hurt, ch. filley by Sir Charles, dam by Sir Archy; Wim. McCargo, bay colt by Sir Charles, dam Eagle.

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G Fitzsimons' wharf.

Berths cannot be considered secure until paid for.—
Letters on the subject, addressed to the Agent, post paid, will be a romptly attended to. Baggage, weighing over one hundred pounds, will be charged 20 cents per foot extra. No Freight takes one hundred pounds, will be extra. No Freight taken. by Shylock

PICHMOND COUNTY LAND FOR SALE.—
The subscriber being desirous and determined to remove to a new State, provided he can dispose of his lands, &c., in the Northern Neck, he therefore offers his public Lots and Houses, at Stoney Hill, on the most rea-sonable terms; consisting of a tavern, which is a new house, three stories high, containing under the roof eight rooms and a passage, which renders it quite comfortable, and well calculated to entertain travellers, &c. There are good stables, a store-house, a new granary, a kitchen, ice-house, and all other out-houses necessary at a public place-all of which has been built since 1830. also a good well in the yard, not to be excelled by any, for good water, in this State. There are about 75 acres of land attached to the lot.

of land attached to the lot.

I will also offer another lot, adjoining the same tract, known by the name of White's Tavern, containing about 37 acres, with a good dwelling-house, and other outhouses on it, which, with little repair, would be in good

I will also offer another tract, containing 202 acres, 3 miles South-West of Westmoreland Court-House, with

miles South-West of Westmoreland Court-House, with a good dwelling-house, kitchen, granary, stables, and other necessary out-houses.

I will also offer another tract, containing 300 acres, 3 1-2 miles West of Westmoreland C. H.—a valuable forest farm. There is a good dwelling-house, granary, corn houses, stables, &c., and a first-rate grist mill, lately half. I will also offer another tract, in the extreme end of

I will also offer another tract, in the extreme end of the county, containing 250 acres, with a good dwelling-house, and other out-houses on it.

All the foregoing lands, lying in the county of Rich-mond and State of Virginia, are healthy situations. I deem it unnecessary to give a further description of the lands, as those wishing to purchase can view for them-selves, &c.

JOSHUA REAMY,

Scives, &c. JOSHUA REAM Y. Aug. 21. [31-4f] Stoney Hill, Richmond Co., Va. MINEACHER WANTED .- Wanted to engage, a young reassess and mathematical School of about 15 papils, in a private family and healthy situation in the country. To such a one, presenting satisfactory testimonials, will be given his board and \$200 per annum. A member of the Protestant Episcopal Church would be preferred. Application to be made, personally, or by letter, (post paid,) to the Editor of the Southern Churchman, Richmond, Va. [October 9.]

mond, Va. [October 9.]

OTICE.—A petition will be presented to the nexLegislature of Virginia, praying for a precinct elect
tion at William Irwin's Tavern, in the lower section of
Comberland county. [45—] October 9.

NOTICE.—We shall renew our petition, and lay it before the next Virginia Legislature, praying for the
formation of a new County, by taking off the lower end
of Caroline and the upper ends of King & Queen and
Essex.

MANY CITIZENS

Of the aforesaid Counties. Of the aforesuid Countie

TEACHER WANTED.—A man of good moral character is wanted, to take charge of a school on the 1st of January next, of about fifteen or twenty scholars, who is well qualified to teach the usual bra English, and also the Latin language. To one who can come well recommended, liberal wages will be given. particularly to one who has had some experience. A let-ter addressed to the Postmaster, at Mount Level, Dinwiddie county, Virginia, will be attended to. Early appli-cation is desired.

October 9. 45—125 D.

N CHANCERY—VIRGINIA At a Court continued and held for the county of Buckingham, the 12th day of Angust, 1835:
Allen Jones,
Pltf.

N CHANCERY-Vinginia.—In Hanover County Court, August 25th, 1835: David J. Saunders, adm'r. of Walter Chisholme, sen., deceased,

David J. Saunders, adm'r. of Walter Chisholme, sen, deceased, against

Hugh Chisholme, Nimrod R. Chisholme, Walter Chisholme, Russell Chisholme, Jane Apperson, who before her marriage was Jane Chisholme, Nancy Hayden, who before her marriage was Nancy Chisholme, and Sally Chisholme; which said Hugh, Nimrod R., Walter, Russell, Jane, Nancy and Sally are sons and daughters of the said Walter Chisholme, sen., deceased, and Catharine Gray, the daughter of Catharine Gray, who was Catharine Chisholme, and the children and distributees of Supra Chisholme, deceased; which said Catharine, last named, and Supra were also children of the said Walter Chisholme, sen., dec'd., Defendants.

The defendants, Catharine Gray, and the children and distributees of Supra Chisholme, dee'd., not having entered their appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly, and the Rules of this Court, and it appearing to the Court by satisfactory evidence, that they are not inhabitants of this Commonwealth: On the motion of the plaintiff, it is ordered, that the said defendants do appear here on the first day of November Court next, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper, published in the city of Richmond, for two months, successively; and that another copy be posted at the front door of the Court-house of this county.

A Copy. Teste, PHILIP B. WINSTON, c. n. c. September 1.

N CHANCERY—VIRGINIA.—In Powhatan county Court, August 4th, 1835: Edward F. Baugh, Sen. and George T. Toney, adm'rs. of John Toney, dec'd., and the said George T. Toney, in his own right, grainst

By the President:

ANDREW JACKSON.

By the President:

Joun M. Moore, Acting Commissioner of the General Land Office.

[Ang. 28.] 33—wt16N

ARSHALL HOUSE.—This spacious Hotel, situated in the most fishionable street in Philadelphia, is to be rented for a term of years.

It will present on Chestnut street a stuccoed front of 74 feet 8 inches, embellished by a massive Grecian doric portice of white marble, through which the bar-room, 21 feet by 49, will be entered. A private entrance at the eastern extremity of the front will also give access to the hotel.

It contains in the first story, one room 70x24, 63x24, 26x21, 24x20, 21x23, 21x14, 20x14.

In the second story, one 70x24, 32x19, 32x24, 26x21, 23x21, 21x16, 14x13, 15x7; 7 rooms each 16x11, and four each 20x17.

In the fourth story, one 30x19, 27x24, 22x21, 21x14, 21x16, 15x7; two each 20x19; four each 20x17; and seven each 16x11.

In the fourth story, one 30x19, 27x24, 12x19; four 20x17, two 21x11; two 23x11; three 12x14, and seven each 12x11. Apply to 15x11, 15x1; two 2ax11; three 12x14, and seven 16x11.

In the fifth story, four, each 17x17; one 24x16, 21x16, 16x15, 14x11; three cach 14x12; two each 20x11, and two each 21x11. Apply to 15x11, 25x11, 25x1

of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper, published in the city of Richmond, and continued for two months successively; and that another copy be posted at the front door of the Court-house of this county. A Copy. Teste, R. F. GRAVES, p. c. September 4.

SECOND DAY.—A colt race, 2 mile neats,—\$100 entrance, half forfeit,—eight entered and closed.

Paul Carrington enters bay colt by Tonson, dam Aurora; John C. Goode enters Wm. O. Goode's c. filley by Hiszim, dam by Virginian.

Richard C. Poryear enters H. Skipwith's filley by Medley, dam Creeping Kate by Sir Archy.

John P. White enters colt or filley by Truffle, out of the invested Flanton. the imported Phantom. Nathaniel Alexander enters bay filley by Hiazim, dam

Thomas Graves enters Margarett by Gohanna, dam by Charles. Thos. J. Garden enters Jennie Deans by Charles, dam Ann Bullen by Prospect.
David Pointer enters Thomas McGehee's colt by Tonon, dam by Archy.
Third Day.—Proprietor's Purse, two mile heats, \$200

FOURTH DAY .- Jockey Club Purse, three mile heats,

FOURTH DAY.—Jockey Club Purse, three mile heats, \$500—\$20 entrance.

FIFTH DAY.—Balance of Jockey Club Purse, \$200, two mile heats—\$15 entrance.

SAME DAY.—A Corn Sweepstake, mile heats—free for any horse that never won a Purse—entrance 10 barrely of Corn. To be closed the evening preceding the Race.

SIXTH DAY.—Handicap, mile heats; best three in five, purse \$100—entrance \$10, to be added to the purse On the same day will be run for, an elegant Saddle, Bridle, and Equipments, and the gate money, mile heats; free for any horse, mare, or gelding that never won a purse,—entrance \$10.—Money hung up for each day without discount.

The Turf is in fine order, and the Proprietor piedses

The Turf is in fine order, and the Proprietor pledges himself to do every thing in his power to render his guests pleasant and comfortable—He will be prepared to date them as usual.

Stables and Litter furnished race horses gratis. RICHARD C. PURYEAR, Proprietor. Christiansville, Mecklenburg Co., Va.

the individual of the country of the country of the country containing 250 acres, with a good dwelling see, and other out-houses on it.

If the foregoing lands, lying in the country of Rielind and State of Virginia, are healthy situations. I mit unnecessary to give a forther description of the ds, as those wishing to purchase can view for themore, see, &c.

JOSHUA REAMY and I state of cultivation, as productive as any in the country. The high-lands, about 60 acres of which are country. The high-lands, about 60 acres of which are arable, have a fertile and durable soil. Beds of Marl lie at convenient distances in every section of the farm—The improvements are a two-story Mansion with 5 rooms, besides porches, passages, and a garret; a large granary and kitchen, with other necessary and convenient offices, all in good repair, most of them new. For healthfulness, the seat is not surpassed by any in the lower countries; and none can be more desirable to the Lawyer, Doctor, and none can be more desirable to the Lawyer, Doctor,

or Mechanic.

As many important features are omitted in this map, persons wishing to purchase, are invited to visit and survey the premises. Should no sale be effected previously, it will be offered to the highest bidder, on the 28th of Oct., on the spot. Not more than half will be required in cash.

WILLIAMS E. DAVIS.

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.—The annual conrector Lectures in this Institution will be resumed the 2d Monday in November, on the following branches:—

Anatomy.—John E. Holbrook, M. D.

Surgery.—John Wagner, M. D.

Institutes and Practice of Medicine.—S. Henry Dickson, M. D.

son, M. D.

Physiology.—James Moultrie, Jr., M. D.

Obstetries.—Thos. G. Prioleau, M. D.

Chemistry.—Edmund Ravenel, M. D.

Materia Medica.—Henry R. Frost, M. D.

Demonstrator of Anatomy.—John Bellinger, M. D.

Opportunities for Clinical instruction will be afforded at the Infirmary attached to the Institution, and the Marine Hospital and City Alms House, the Wards of which, by a Resolution of the City Council, are open to all Students of Medicine in the city.

Aug. 18. [30—wtin.] HENRY R. FROST, Dean.